3023006 Approved For Release 2005/08/03 201A-RDP80-00810A003600900008-5x1 CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY REPORT NO. NEQRMATION REPORT ALC CD NO. COUNTRY East Germany DATE DISTR. 3 March 1954 SUBJECT Meeting of the FDJ Central Bureau NO. OF PAGES PLACE 25X1 NO. OF ENCLS. **ACQUIRED** CLISTED BELOW, DATE OF SUPPLEMENT TO INFO. REPORT NO.

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- 1. On 22 to 24 October 1953 a session of the Zentralbuerol of the Freie Deutsche Jugend (FDJ) was held in the FDJ Haus on Klosterstrasse. East Berlin. Erich Honecker, chairman of the FDJ, spoke. The main speech was given by Manfred Kablow. The participants in this session used only first names in referring to each other.
- 2. The following are some of the main points brought up in Kablow's speech. Within the framework of the present intermediate goals ("Etappenziele") of the KPD, i.e. Struggle against EDC and the attempt to overthrow the Adenauer regime, the FDJ in the Federal Republic has the following duties:
 - a. The most important task is the penetration of the organizations of the Trade Union Youth (Gewerkschaftsjugend) with the goal of mobilizing the working youth in the factories against rearmament. Every FDJ member is to do everything possible to attain a function within the Trade Union Youth organizations. Those FDJ members who succeed in obtaining such a function will be freed of all other FDJ work. Their task will then be to form Committees for the Protection of Youth against Recruitment and to participate in meetings conducted under the mottos: "Not army pay but higher wages", "Not military law but a law to protect young workers", etc. Their tasks will include the drafting of resolutions against recruitment and agitating among the youth to tear up their draft notices.
 - b. Members of the FDJ are directed to infiltrate not only the Deutscher Gewerkschafts Bund (DGB), which is the most pressing assignment, but also to become members of sport clubs, hiking clubs, naturalist clubs, etc. They are directed first to gain the trust of the members of the organization by active participation in all activities and only then to attempt to arouse the members to opposition to the EDC.
 - c. FDJ members are further directed not to enter the organizations of the "Falken" and of the "Jurgeozialisten" but to attempt to work closely together with these organizations, stressing especially those elements which they and the FDJ have in common.

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- d. It is especially desirable that impressive demonstrations with lively, timely slogans be carried out. An example of a successful demonstration is the "bloody Sunday in Essen" in which Philipp Mueller was shot. Such demonstrations are not soon forgetten and tend to arouse sympathy and admiration arong yout.
- e. Members of the FDJ must concentrate especially on attempts to have the ban against the organization in the Federal Republic lifted. The Constitutional Court is to be petitioned by demonstrations, by sending delegations to Karlsruhe, and by the sending of letters of protest, telegrams, etc. demanding that the activity of the FDJ be allowed.
- f. In the past the TDJ has neglected farm organizations and farm youth. This state of affairs must be corrected in the future. The FDJ must pay special attention to the needs and demands of farm youth and must attempt to win them over by means of cultural meetings, dances, etc. There are no youth organizations, with the exception of fascist ones, with which the FDJ members cannot work.
- 3. In May 1954 a "German Youth Congress for Peace. Unity and Freedom" will be held in Berlin. It is expected that this congress will be a great contribution to the development of a patriotic movement among the youth by discussions over ways and means of re-unification le ding to a united, democratic Germany.

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